



YOZGAT BOZOK UNIVERSITY FACULTY OF ARTS AND SCIENCES
COURSE TEACHING PLAN OF DEPARTMENT OF ARCHEOLOGY

Course Code	Course Name	Semester	Course Type (C/E)	T+A+L (Hours/Week)	Credits	ECTS	Education Language
ARK234	Prehistoric Period Chipped Stone Assemblages and Cultures	3	C	3+0+0	3	5	Turkish

COURSE INFORMATION

Course Catalog Description (Content)	The techno-typological features of chipped stone tools used in all prehistoric periods starting from the Lower Paleolithic will be explained. In this context, it will be examined how the tools are produced with which techniques, how they are transformed into tools and in which areas they are used. For this purpose, it will be discussed in detail which stones are used in the making of stone tools, how they are obtained, with which techniques the extractions are made after the raw tuber is transformed into cores, the general characteristics of the first produced carriages, how they are classified according to the morphological and functional characteristics of the tools, and in which areas they are used. . In this way, it will be clarified in the development of the chipped stone industries in parallel with the human evolution in the Paleolithic periods.
The Aim of the Course	The aim of this course is to introduce and understand the prehistoric chipped stone industry.
Level of the Course	Undergraduate
Language of the Course	Turkish
Teaching Method	() Face to Face (X) Online () Hybrid
Instructor(s) of the Course	Asst. Prof. Serkan ERDOĞAN
Prerequisite(s)	-
Course Learning Outcomes	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. To know the prehistoric period chipped stone industry and cultures.2. Have knowledge of Prehistoric Archeology.3. Gain the ability to collect, analyze, interpret, discuss and make suggestions which are data sources on the Pale stone industry and cultures of the science of archeology.4. To learn and comprehend the chipped stone industry and cultures.5. Teaching the chipped stone industry finds.

Course Content

Week	Theory	Applied/Laboratory
1	To know the prehistoric period chipped stone industry and cultures.	
2	Lower Paleolithic Cultures	
3	The bifacial instrument cultures are from the Abbévilian (Abevillian), Acheuléan (Acheulean) and Micoquian (Micocian) cultures.	
4	Chipped Lower Paleolithic Cultures: Clactonian, Tayacian and Levalloisian.	
5	Lower Paleolithic Centers of Anatolia	
6	Middle Paleolithic	
7	Middle Paleolithic industries: Mousterian culture	
8	Middle Paleolithic industries: Mousterian culture	

9	Middle Paleolithic Centers of Anatolia	
10	Upper Paleolithic	
11	Upper Paleolithic Cultures: Aurignacian	
12	Upper Paleolithic Cultures: Solutréen	
13	Upper Paleolithic Cultures: Magdalénian	
14	Upper Paleolithic Centers of Anatolia	
15	Assesment	
16	Final Exam	

Dersin Öğrenme Kaynakları

1. Amick Daniel S. Ve Raymond P. MAULDIN(Eds.) 1989, Experiments in Lithic Technology. BAR International Series 528.
2. Unger-Hamilton R. 1988, Methot in Microwear Analysis, Prehistoric Sickles and Other Stone Tools from Arjoune, Syria. BAR International Series 135.
3. Whittaker John C. 1994, Flintknapping: Making and Understanding Stone Tools, University of Texas Pres, Texas.
4. Yalçinkaya Işın 1985, "Alt ve Orta Paleolitik Yongalama Teknikleri ile Tipolojisinin İncelenmesinde Bir Yöntemin İlkeleri, Antropoloji, Sayı 12 (1980-1985), Ankara Üniversitesi Basımevi, Ankara: 379-394.
5. Yalçinkaya, Işın, Arkeoloji ve Sanat Tarihi Eski Anadolu Uygarlıkları, Paleolitik Çağ (Eski Taş Çağı/ Yontma Taş Çağı), Ankara, 2009.
6. Arsebük, G., Trakya'da eski bir yerleşim yeri: Yarımurgaz Mağarası Alt Paleolitik Çağ Bulguları, Anadolu Araştırmaları XIV (1996), 33-50.
7. Otte, M., Yalçinkaya, I., Kozłowski, J., Bar-Yosef, O., Taşkıran, H., Noiret, P., Evolution Technique Au Paléolithique Ancien De Karain (Turquie), L'Anthropologie, 99,4 (1995), 529-561.
8. Özdoğan, M., İlk adımlar. Paleolitik Çağ, Arkeo Atlas 1, (2002), 46-48.
9. Taşkıran, H., Réflexions sur l'Acheuléen d' Anatolie –Thoughts about the Acheulean in Anatolia, L'Antropologie, 112/1 (2008), 140-152.
10. Taşkıran, H., (2008). "Réflexions sur l'Acheuléen d' Anatolie –Thoughts about the Acheulean in Anatolia", L'Antropologie, 112/1: 140-152.
11. Otte, Marcel., Yalçinkaya, Işın., Kozłowski, Janusz., Bar-Yosef, Ofer., Taşkıran, Harun., Noiret, Pierre., (1995). "Evolution Technique Au Paléolithique Ancien De Karain (Turquie)", L'Anthropologie, 99,4: 529-561.
12. Kuhn, S.L., Stiner, M.C., Güleç, E., Özer, I., Yılmaz, H., Baykara, I., Açıkkol, A., Goldberg, P., Molina, K.M., Ünay, E., Suata-Alpaslan, F., 2009. "The early Upper Paleolithic occupations at Üçağızlı Cave (Hatay, Turkey)", Journal of Human Evolution 56:87-113.

ASSESSMENT METHODS

Term Study Activities	Count	Contribution
Homework	-	-
Applied	-	-
Forum / Discussion Application	-	-
Quiz	5	%100
Rate of Term Studies to Semester Success (%)		%40
Success rate of final exam (%)		%60
Total		%100

COURSE WORKLOAD TABLE

Activities	Total Weeks	Duration (Weekly Hours)	Total Workload
Theory	14	3	42
Applied	-	-	-

Forum / Discussion Application	-	-	-
Reading	10	3	30
Internet Scanning, Library Study	5	4	20
Material Design, Application	-	-	-
Report Preparation	-	-	-
Preparing a Presentation	-	-	-
Presentation	-	-	-
Final Exam	1	1	1
Preparation for the Final Exam	6	5	30
Other (Specify):)	-	-	-
Total Workload			123
Total Workload / 25 (h)			123/125
ECTS Credits of the Course			≅5
Note: The workload table of the course will be determined by the lecturer on a per-course basis.			

COURSE LEARNING OUTCOMES / CONTRIBUTION LEVELS

Nr.	Course Learning Outcomes	1	2	3	4	5
1	Based on the competencies gained in the field of archeology, she has course materials containing up-to-date information, applied tools and materials, research methods and techniques applied in field studies, and advanced theoretical and applied knowledge supported by other resources.					X
2	Students will be able to examine, analyze, discuss and develop comments based on scientific evidence, concepts, ideas and data related to the discipline of archeology with social science research methods.				X	
3	Have knowledge of Prehistoric Archeology, Protohistory and Near East Archeology and Classical Archeology.			X		
4	Collects, analyzes and applies information about the field of archeology.					X
5	Follows and shares theoretical and applied information in the field of archeology.					X
6	Have the ability to present the theoretical and applied knowledge gained in the field of archeology.				X	
7	Have the ability to learn the Science of Archeology in a comparative dimension.				X	
8	Gains the ability to use and identify information sources appropriately for archaeological research.			X		
9	It creates a level of critical awareness about ancient cultures and intercultural relations.					X
10	Gains the ability to become conscious about the socio-economic structures and lifestyles of ancient societies.				X	
11	Develops the ability and knowledge to use archaeological research methods to understand ancient cultures.					X
12	Students works independently as an individual or takes responsibility as a team member to solve complex and unforeseen problems encountered in the field of archeology.			X		
13	Evaluates and synthesizes the knowledge and skills acquired in the field of archeology with a critical approach.				X	

14	Uses information and technologies at an advanced level, together with the computer software required by the field of archeology.		X			
15	Have the knowledge of architectural and artifact drawing, photographing, computer software and hardware required by works such as archaeological research and excavation.		X			
16	Have the ability to write by using the knowledge and skills obtained in the field of archeology correctly.					X
17	Follows the theoretical and applied information in the field of Archeology using a foreign language and shares this information with experts and non-experts in the relevant field.			X		
18	To contribute to the awareness of the society by informing people who do not have knowledge about the field and to have a competent understanding of archeology.					X
19	Considers ethical values in studies related to the field of archeology.				X	

Bozok