YOZGAT BOZOK UNIVERSITY FACULTY OF ARTS AND SCIENCES
CHEMISTRY DEPARTMENT COURSE PLAN

| Course <br> Code | Course Title | Semes <br> ter | Course <br> Type <br> (C/E) | T+A+L <br> (Time/Week) | Credi <br> $\mathbf{t}$ | ECT <br> S | Course <br> Language |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| KiM746 | Chemometry | $1-2$ | E | $2+0+0$ |  | 5 | Turkish |

## Course Catalog Description (Content)

Importance and usage areas of chemometry and multivariate statistical analysis RStudio statistical program basic concepts and usage-I RStudio statistical program basic concepts and usage-II Multivariate analysis of variance (MANOVA) Principal component analysis (PCA) Decomposition analyzes (LDA, PLS-DA) Decomposition analyzes (SVM, SIMCA) Midterm Grouping analyzes (AHC, k-means) Multivariate linear regression (MLR) Principal component regression (PCR) Partial least squares regression (PLS-R) Chemometry applications in analytical chemistry Chemometry applications in food analysis
To gain knowledge and skills to evaluate and interpret the data obtained in analytical chemistry and food analytical chemistry using chemometric techniques. To gain competence in the use of RStudio, an open source statistical analysis program.

## Bachelor degree

Turkish
(X) Formal ( ) Online ( ) Mixed/Hybrid

Prof. Dr. Mustafa SAÇMACI

1. Gains the ability to communicate about the general characteristics of statistical information.
2. Have the ability to select and design optimum experimental methods.
3. Gains the ability to produce maximum information from experimental data.
4. Gains knowledge about the response style of systems.
5.Gains the ability to use a package program.

## COURSE CONTENT

| Week | Theory | Practice/Laboratory |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | Introduction to chemometrics, significant figures, units <br> and statistical parameters |  |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | Erro types, accuracy, precision, Gaussian distribution <br> of results, partial validation |  |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | Null Hypothesis, confidence interval, t test, F test |  |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | Q test, Grubbs test, measurement uncertainty |  |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | Least squares method, plotting a calibration graph |  |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | Sources of error of the calibration chart |  |
| $\mathbf{7}$ | External calibration chart, standard addition, internal <br> standard method |  |
| $\mathbf{8}$ | ANOVA, Analysis of variance |  |
| $\mathbf{9}$ | Matrix operations |  |
| $\mathbf{1 0}$ | Experimental Design |  |


| 11 | Partial and full factorial design |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12 | Placket-Burrman and Taguchi designs |  |  |
| 13 | Central Composite Design |  |  |
| 14 | Central Composite Design |  |  |
| 15 |  | Exam |  |
| Course Learning Resources <br> 1. Otto,M., Chemometrics, Wiley-VCH, 1999. <br> 2. Massart,D.L., Vandeginste,B.G.M., Buydens,L.M.C., Jong S.de, Lewi,P.J., Smeyers-Verbeke,J., Handbook of Chemometrics and Qualimetrics: Part A, Elsevier, 1997 <br> 3. Hair, J.F., Anderson,R.E., Tahtam,R.L., Black,W.C., Multivariate Data Analysis, 4th Ed., 1995. <br> 4. Morgan,E., Chemometrics : Experimental Design, John WileySons, 1995 |  |  |  |
| ASSESSMENT CRITERIA |  |  |  |
| Work | ctivities During the Semester | Number | Contribution |
| Home | ork | 1 | \%30 |
| Practice |  |  |  |
| Forum/ Discussion Application |  |  |  |
| Short Exam (Quiz) |  | 2 | \%35 |
| Ratio Of Semester Studies To Semester Success (\%) |  |  | \%40 |
| Ratio of Final to Success (\%) |  | 1 | \%60 |
| Total |  |  | \%100 |

COURSE WORKLOAD TABLE

| COURSE WORKLOAD TABLE |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Activity | Total Weeks | Duration (Weekly Hours) | Total Workload |
| Theory | 14 | 2 | 28 |
| Practice |  |  |  |
| Forum/ Discussion Application |  |  |  |
| Reading | 14 | 3 | 42 |
| Internet Scanning, Library Study | 14 | 2 | 28 |
| Material Design, Application |  |  |  |
| Report Preparation |  |  |  |
| Presentation Preparation |  |  |  |
| Presentation |  |  |  |
| Final Exam | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| Preparation for the Final Exam | 4 | 6 | 24 |
| Other(s) (Specify: ... ..............) |  |  |  |
| Total Workload |  |  |  |
| Total Workload / 25 (s) |  |  | 124/25 |
| ECTS Credits of the Course |  |  | 124/25 $\cong 5$ |
| Note: The workload of the course will be determined by the instructor on a per-course basis. |  |  |  |

PROGRAM LEARNING OUTPUTS CONTRIBUTION LEVELS

| No | Program Learning Outputs | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | Gains extensive knowledge about the basic chemical properties of <br> matter and uses this knowledge in daily life, industrial scale, and <br> practical chemistry and shares them with the society. |  | $\mathbf{5}$ |  |  |


| 2 | Performs experiments, collects data, interprets, evaluates results, defines problems parallel to current technological developments, produces solutions against problems encountered in the laboratory. | X |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | Calculates and processes chemical information and data. |  | X |  |  |
| 4 | Applies her/his knowledge and understanding of chemistry to the solution of unconventional qualitative and quantitative problems. |  |  | X |  |
| 5 | Defines and comprehends chemical concepts and theories in Inorganic Chemistry, Organic Chemistry, Physical Chemistry, Analytical Chemistry, Biochemistry. |  |  | X |  |
| 6 | Can conduct research in the light of scientific data on any subject in the field of chemistry. |  |  |  | X |
| 7 | Writes, presents, discusses scientific material, and presents it orally to a knowledgeable audience. |  | X |  |  |
| 8 | Brings a chemical approach to the solution of environmental problems, makes environmental analyzes and reports. | X |  |  |  |
| 9 | Knows a foreign language at a level to read and understand the basic terms and processes of the chemist profession. |  | X |  |  |
| 10 | Can use computer software and information and communication technologies at the level required by the field. |  |  | X |  |
| 11 | Adapts and transfers the knowledge gained in the field to secondary education. |  | X |  |  |
| 12 | Apart from the field of chemistry, she/he gains knowledge in different branches of science that she feels close to. |  |  | X |  |
| 13 | Carries out a study independently, makes group work and gains the awareness of taking responsibility. |  |  | X |  |
| 14 | They can develop a positive attitude towards lifelong learning and constantly renew their professional knowledge and skills. |  |  | X |  |
| 15 | Have sufficient awareness of the universality of social rights, social justice, quality culture and protection of cultural values, environmental protection, occupational health and safety. |  | X |  |  |

